Indegree: How many edges point to the node

Outdegree: How many edges point out from the node

Degree: The sum of indegree and outdegree, which is the totally number of edges connecting to a point

Weighted degree: Doing the sum weight of edges.

Eccentricity: It shows the distance between a node and the node that is furthest from it.

Closeness: It measures the efficiency of a vertex in spreading information to other vertices. The larger the closeness centrality, the shorter average distance from the node to all others.

Betweenness: It refers to how often a node appears on the shortest paths between nodes in the the network

Strong Components: In which group a node belongs to. The total number of strong components means the number of cluster. Connected component implies how continuousness of a network graph.